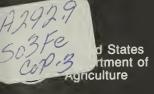
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Soil Conservation Service

Spokane, Washington



Washington Water Supply Outlook

April 1, 1986



Foreword

How Forecasts Are Made

Most of the annual streamflow in the Western United States originates as snowfall. This snowfall accumulates high in the mountains during winter and early spring. As the snowpack accumulates, hydrologists estimate the runoff that will occur when it melts. Predictions are based on careful measurements of snow water equivalent at selected index points. Precipitation, temperature, soil moisture and antecedent streamflow data are viewed in conjunction with snowpack data to prepare runoff forecasts. This report presents a comprehensive picture of water supply outlook conditions for areas dependent upon surface runoff. It includes selected streamflow forecasts, summarized snowpack and precipitation data, reservoir storage data and narratives describing current conditions.

Streamflow forecasts are cooperatively generated by Soil Conservation Service and National Weather Service hydrologists. Forecasts become more accurate as more data affecting runoff becomes known. For this reason, forecasts are issued that reflect three future precipitation conditions — Below Normal, Average, and Above Normal. These forecasts are termed reasonable minimum, most probable, and reasonable maximum. Actual streamflow can be expected to fall between the lower and upper forecast values eight out of ten years.

Snowpack data are obtained by using a combination of manual and automated measurement methods. Manual readings of snow depth and water equivalent are taken at locations called snow courses on a monthly or semi-monthly schedule during the winter. In addition, snow water equivalent, precipitation, temperature, and other parameters are monitored on a daily basis and transmitted via radio telemetry to central data collection facilities. Both monthly and daily data are used to project snowmelt runoff.

For More Information

Copies of Monthly Water Supply Outlook Reports and other reports may be obtained from the states listed below. Because of the limited space, snow survey measurements are not published in monthly reports. An annual snow survey data summary is published by the Soil Conservation Service for each of the western states. Historical snow survey data may be obtained at those same offices.

STATE ADDRESS

Alaska 201 East 9th Ave., Suite 300, Anchorage, AK 99501-3687

Arizona 201 East Indianola, Suite 200, Phoenix, AZ 85012

Colorado 2490 West 26th Ave., Denver, CO 80211

(New Mexico)

Idaho 304 North 8th Street, Room 345, Boise, ID 83702

Montana 10 East Babcock, Room 443, Federal Building, Bozeman, MT 59715

Nevada 50 South Virginia Street, Third Floor, Reno, NV 89505

Oregon 1220 Southwest 3rd Ave., 16th Floor, Portland, OR 97204

Utah 4402 Federal Building, 125 South State Street, Salt Lake City, UT 84147

Washington 360 U.S. Court House, Spokane, WA 99201

Wyoming Federal Building, 100 East "B" Street, Casper, WY 82602

In addition to state reports, a Water Supply Outlook for the Western United States is published by the Soil Conservation Service and National Weather Service monthly, January through May. Reports may be obtained from the Soil Conservation Service, West National Technical Center, 511 Northwest Broadway, Room 547, Portland, OR 97209.

Published by other agencies:

Water Supply Outlook Reports prepared by other agencies include: California — Snow Survey Branch, California Department of Water Resources, P.O. Box 388, Sacramento, CA 98502; British Columbia — The Ministry of Environment, Water Investigations Branch, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, British Columbia, V8V 1X5; Yukon Territory — Department of Indian and Northern Affairs, Northern Operations Branch, 200 Range Road, Whitehorse, Yukon Territory, Y1A 3V1; Alberta, Saskatchewan, and N.W.T. — The Water Survey of Canada, Inland Waters Branch, 110-12 Avenue S.W., Calgary, Alberta, T3C 1A6.

Washington Water Supply Outlook

and

Federal — State — Private Cooperative Snow Surveys

Issued by

Wilson Scaling Chief Soil Conservation Service Washington, D.C.

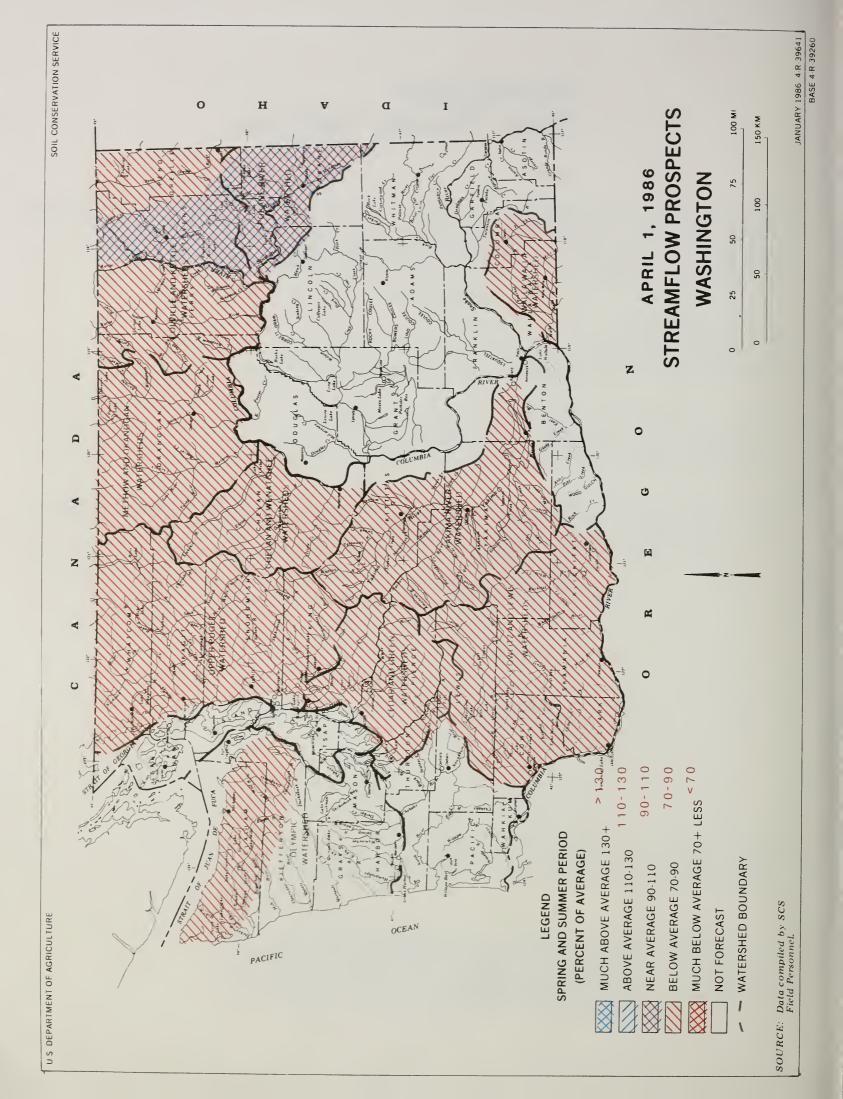
Released by

Lynn A. Brown State Conservationist Soil Conservation Service Spokane, Washington

Prepared by

William F. Weller Water Supply Specialist Room 360 U.S. Courthouse Spokane, Washington 99201

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GENERAL OUTLOOK

SUMMARY:

Spring snowmelt occurred over most of Washington State during March. Streamflow was above normal in most of the major rivers. With the added streamflow, reservoir storage improved with the Yakima reservoirs going from 80% of normal to 92% of average.

Temperatures were above average during March. Precipitation was near normal to slightly below normal in all sections of Washington except Walla Walla which was much above average. Streamflows are forecasted to be below normal over Washington for the coming summer months.

SNOWPACK:

The Stemilt Drainage near Wenatchee is the only area of Washington with above average snowpack. The rest of the state is below average to much below average. Snowpack on the Olympic Basin is the lowest in the state with 33% of normal on the Elwah River and 43% on the Dungeness. Other readings in the Puget Basins include; 56% on the Baker River, 77% on the Skagit, 67% on the Skykomish and 45% on the Green River. Some East side snowpacks; Yakima 71%, Wenatchee 69%, Chelan 91%, Okanogan 78%, Pend Oreille 68% and the Spokane River at 58%.

PRECIPITATION:

Precipitation varied over Washington during March, with 186% of average in the Walla Walla to 65% of normal in the Wenatchee drainage. The Walla Walla weather station now has 139% of normal precipitation for the water year to date. Most east side basins were slightly below normal with the following; Spokane 97%, Colville 85%, Okanogan 96% and the Yakima 75%. Some west side basins include the Cowlitz at 79%, the Green River 101%, the north Puget Sound 89% and the Olympic 102%.

RESERVOIRS:

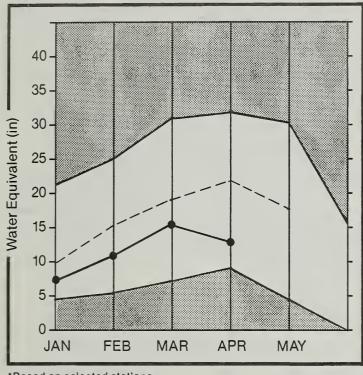
The April 1 reservoir storage shows improvement over the March 1 amounts with the greatest improvement being storage in the Yakima Basin. April 1 storage in the Yakima was 677,400 acre feet or 92% of normal. Capacity for the five major Yakima reservoirs is 1,065,000 acre feet. Chelan Lake is 143% of April 1 average storage and 45% of capacity, holding 302,400 acre feet. Cocur d' Alene Lake is at 99% of capacity. Roosevelt is at 84% of capacity and 278% of the April 1 average. Ross Reservoir is at 67% of capacity and 314% of the April 1 normal storage.

STREAMFLOW:

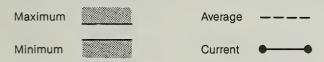
Streamflows in March were above average in all streams except the Chehalis River, which was 69% of normal. Warm weather with temperatures averaging five degrees above normal and rain brought spring melt nearly one month early to Washington State. Many of the streams were in excess of 200% of normal March runoff with the following; Kettle River 240%, Similkameen 260%, Chelan 211%, Pend Oreille 215%, Wenatchee 230% and the Snake River below Ice Harbor dam 227%. The Columbia River below Grand Coulee was 180% of normal. Streamflows for the summer are forecasted to be below normal for all areas of Washington.

SPOKANE

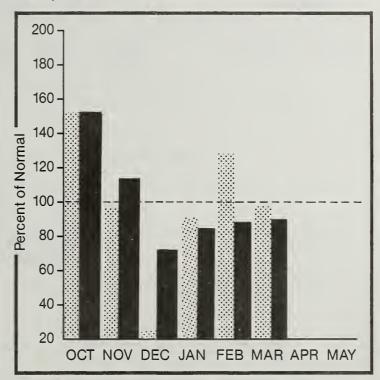
Mountain snowpack* (inches)



*Based on selected stations



Precipitation* (percent of normal)



*Based on selected stations



SPOKANE RIVER BASIN

WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK:

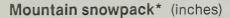
Warm March temperatures averaging five degrees above normal coupled with near average precipitation reduced the snowpack in the Spokane River Basin. The snowpack went from 81% of normal for March 1st to 58% of normal for April 1st. Precipitation for March was 97% of normal bringing the water year to 91% of average. Streamflow runoff continued above average with March being 198% of normal. Forecasted streamflow for the summer is 60% of average. Reservoir storage in Coeur d'Alene Lake is at 133% of normal.

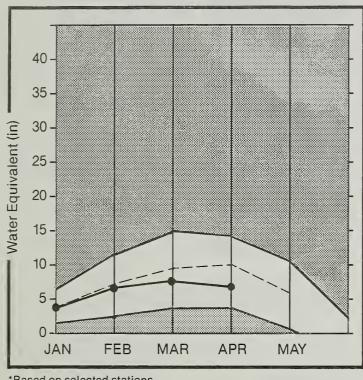
SPOKANE RIVER BASIN

		STREA	MFLOW FORE	CASTS							
FORECAST POINT	FORECAST	20 YR. AVE.	MOST PROBABLE	MOST PROBABLE	REAS.	REAS.	PEAK FLOW	PEAK	LOH FLOH	LO	4
	PERIOD	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(% AVE.)	(% AVE.)	(% AVE.)	(CFS)	DATE	(CFS)	DAT	TE.
ODOMANE -4 P4 F-11-	ADD CED	2040 0	1710 0	10	94	36					
SPOKANE at Post Falls	APR-SEP APR-JUL	2848.0 2754.0	1710.0 1650.0	60 59	84	36					
	RESERVOIR STORAGE		1000AF)	 ! !		HATERS					
	USEABLE I	×× USEA	BLE STORA	\ E **			 N		THIS Y	AR AS	% OI
RESERVOIR	CAPACITY!	THIS YEAR	LAST YEAR	AVE. I	WATERSHED			OURSES VE.D	LAST Y	. AVI	ERAGE
COEUR D'ALENE	225.1	223.1		168.2	Spokane Ri	ver		19	69	-	 5

[■]Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage. Average is for 1961-80 period.

COLVILLE AND PEND OREILLE

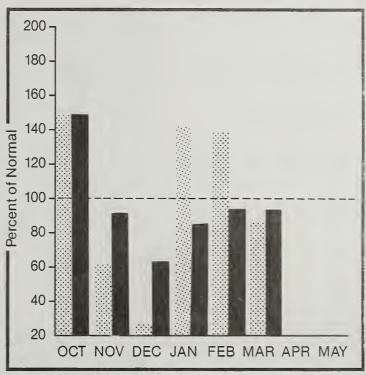




*Based on selected stations



Precipitation* (percent of normal)



*Based on selected stations



Year to date precipitation

COLVILLE - PEND OREILLE RIVER BASINS

OUTLOOK:

WATER SUPPLY Streamflow in the Colville-Pend Oreille basin was above average with the Pend Oreille River flowing 215% of normal and the Kettle at 240%. The Columbia River was 180% of average below Grand Coulee. Reservoir storage in Roosevelt was 278% of the April 1 normal with 4,784,700 acre feet of usable storage. Temperatures averaged six degrees above normal for March reducing the snowpack from its March 1 reading of near 80% to a April 1 reading of 61% on the Kettle and 55% on the Colville. Forecasted streamflow for the summer is 73% on the Pend Oreille, 64% on the Colville and 80% on the Kettle.

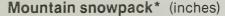
COLVILLE - PEND OREILLE RIVER BASINS

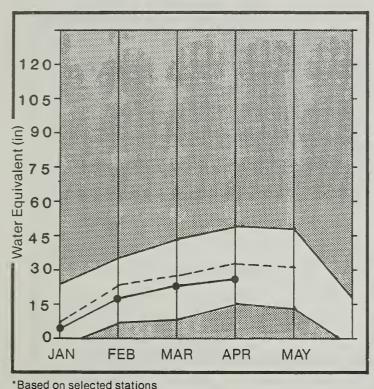
FORECAST POINT	FORECAST	20 YR. AVE.	MOST PROBABLE	MOST PROBABLE	REAS. MAX.	REAS. MIN.	PEAK FLON	PEAK	LOH FLOH	LOH
	PERIOD	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(% AVE.)	(% AVE.)	(% AVE.)	(CFS)	DATE	(CFS)	DATE
END OREILLE RIVER bl Box Canyon	APR-SEP	15425.0	11300.0	73	90	56				
	APR-JUL	14156.0	10400.0	73	90	56				
	APR-JUN	12227.0	8930.0	73	90	56				
OLVILLE RIVER at Kettle Falls	APR-SEP	134.0	87.0	64	104	74				
OFATETE VIATU OF VECCIE 19112	APR-JUL	123.0	80.0	65	104	26 26				
	APR-JUN	114.0	99.0	86	125	40				
	HI K OOK	114.0	//•0	94	+44					
ETTLE RIVER or Laurier	APR-SEP	1829.0	1470.0	90	108	52				
	APR-JUL	1738.0	1390.0	79	108	52 52				
	APR-JUN	1581.0	1260.0	79	108	52				
OLUMBIA RIVER at Birchbank *	APR-SEP	44605.0	43800.0	98	116	80				
OCCUPANTALLY OF DITCHEONY -	APR-JUL	35705.0	35100.0	98	116	80				
	APR-JUN	26027.0	25500.0	97	116	80				
		20027 00	2000000			***				
OLUMBIA RIVER at Grand Coulee *	APR-SEP	66841.0	59800.0	39	194	77				
	APR-JUL	56169.0	49800.0	88	191	77				
	APR-JUN	44036.0	39200.0	89	101	77				

	RESERVOIR STORAGE		(1000AF)	1	HATERSHED !	SNOWPACK AN	ALYSIS	
RESERVOIR	USEABLE I CAPACITYI I	** USE THIS YEAR	ABLE STOR	RAGE ** I	WATERSHED	NO. COURSES AVE.D	THIS YEAR	R AS % OF AVERAGE
ROOSEVELT	5232.0	4403.4	992.0	1586.0	Colville River	3	46	55
BANKS	715.0	381.3	672.2	583.0	Pend Oreille River	12	68	70
		() ×			Kettle River	9	73	62
					Omac Lake, Twin Lakes	0	0	0
				į	Newman Lake	0	0	0

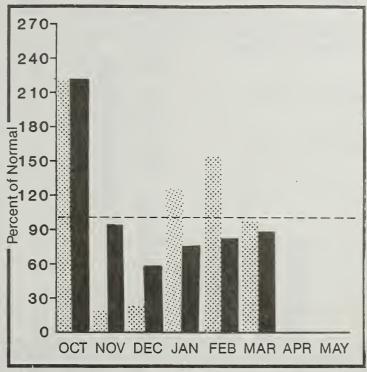
^{*}Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage. Average is for 1961-80 period.

OKANOGAN AND METHOW



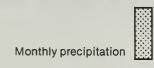


Precipitation* (percent of normal)



*Based on selected stations





Year to date precipitation

OKANOGAN - METHOW RIVER BASINS

WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK:

Temperatures averaging five degrees above normal, coupled with below average precipitation for March produced streamflow of 166% of normal on the Okanogan River. The Similkameen River was 260% of March normal as much of the snowpack melted reducing the April 1 pack to 78% of average on the Okanogan. Snowpack in the Methow Drainage was 77% of average. Reservoir storage for April 1 was 102% of normal with 15,300 acre feet being stored in the Conconully lakes. Streamflows for summer are forecasted to be 80 % on the Okanogan and 88% on the Methow.

OKANOGAN - METHOW RIVER BASINS

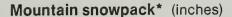
FORECAST POINT	FORECAST	20 YR. AVE.	HOST PROBABLE	HOST PROBABLE	REAS.	REAS. MIN.	PEAK FLOW	PEAK	LOH FLOH	LOH
	PERIOD	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(% AVE.)	(% AVE.)	(% AVE.)	(CFS)	DATE	(CFS)	DATE
IMILKAMEEN R. or Nighthawk	APR-SEP	1462.0	1190.0	91	99	63				
	APR-JUL	1365.0	1100.0	80	79	63				
	APR-JUN	1161.0	952.0	81	100	64				
KANOGAN R. nr Tonasket	AFR-SEP	1644.0	1320.0	80	103	57				
	APR-JUL	1497.0	1200.0	80	103	57				
	APR-JUN	1262.0	1020.0	80	104	58				
					W					
ETHOW RIVER or Pateros	APR-SEP	980.0	870.0	88	115	63				
	APR-JUL	908.0	808.0	88	115	63				
	APR-JUN	773.0	696.0	90	116	64				

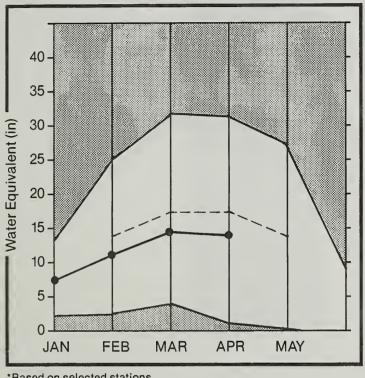
	RESERVOIR STORAGE		(1000AF)	1 1 1	I I HATERSHED SNOWPACK ANALYSIS					
RESERVÛIR	USEABLE I CAPACITYI	** USE THIS YEAR	ABLE STORA LAST YEAR	AGE ** 1	HATERSHED	NO. COURSES AVE.D	THIS YE			
CONCONULLY LAKE (SALMON)	10.5	8.0	10.4	8.0	Okanogan River	30	91	81		
CONCONULLY RESERVOIR	13.0	7.3	13.0	7.0	Hethow River	4	96	84		

^{*}Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage.

Average is for 1961-80 period.

WENATCHEE AND CHELAN

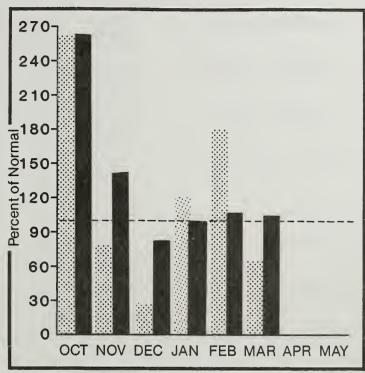




*Based on selected stations



Precipitation* (percent of normal)



*Based on selected stations

Monthly precipitation Year to date precipitation

WENATCHEE - CHELAN RIVER BASINS

WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK:

Warm temperatures averaging five degrees above normal reduced the basin's snowpack. The Chelan went from 96% for March 1st to 91% for April 1, the Wenatchee from 91% to 69%. The Stemilt maintained its pack at 125% of normal. High temperatures produced above average streamflows with the Wenatchee at 230%, Chelan at 211% and the Columbia at 188%. Streamflows for summer are forecasted to be 84% of normal on the Wenatchee, 89% on the Chelan and 88% on the Entiat. Reservoir storage in Chelan Lake was 302,400 acre feet or 143% of normal.

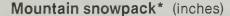
WENATCHEE - CHELAN RIVER BASINS

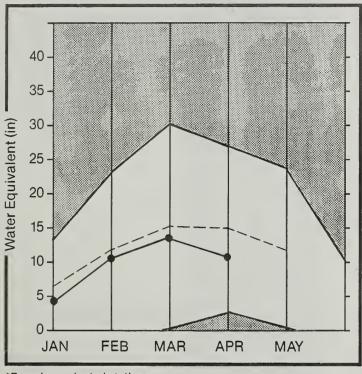
FORECAST FOINT	FORECAST	20 YR. AVE.	MOST PROBABLE	MOST PROBABLE	REAS. MAX.	REAS. MIN.	PEAK FLOW	PEAK	LOH FLOH	LON
	PERIOD	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(% AVE.)	(% AVE.)	(% AVE.)	(CFS)	DATE	(CFS)	DATE
HELAN RIVER at Chelan *	APR-SEP	1203.0	1080.0	89	107	73				
	APR-JUL	1055.0	935.0	88	106	72				
	APR-JUN	826.0	751.0	90	108	74				
TEHEKIN R. at Stehekin	APR-SEP	860.0	775.0	90	101	79				
	APR-JUL	727.0	656.0	90	101	79				
	APR-JUN	553.0	503.0	90	102	80				
NTIAT RIVER or Ardenvoir	APR-SEP	234.6	208.0	88	89	89				
	APR-JUL	213.0	189.0	88	89	89				•
	APR-JUN	172.0	155.0	90	90	90				
ENATCHEE RIVER at Plain	APR-SEP	1270.0	1070.0	84	115	53				
	APR-JUL	1113.0	935.0	84	115	53				
	APR-JUN	899.0	755.0	83	115	53				
TEMILT or Wenatchee (miners in)	MAY-SEP	138.0	110.0	79	BO :-	80				
CICLE CREEK or Leavenworth	APR-SEP	370.0	290.0	78	78	78				
OTOLE CHEEK III FEGACIIMOI VII	APR-JUL	340.0	265.0	77	78	78				
	APR-JUN	270.0	213.0	78	79	79				
	HI IX OOK	27010	213.0	14	,,,	"				
OLUMBIA R. bl Rock Island Dam *	APR-SEP	72781.0	65700.0	90	104	76				
	APR-JUL	61601.0	55100.0	89	103	75				
	APR-JUN	48384.0	43600.0	90	104	76				

	RESERVOIR STORAGE	(1000AF)	! !	WATERSHE	SNOWPACK AN	ALYSIS	
RESERVOIR	USEABLE I CAPACITYI	** USEABLE STOR THIS LAST YEAR YEAR	AGE ** I	WATERSHED	NO. COURSES AVE.D	THIS YEAR	
CHELAN LAKE	676.1	302.4 138.6	212.1	Chelan Lake Basin	6	114	91
				Entiat River	7	118	74
			1	Wenatchee River	8	72	69
			1	Colockum Creek	1	22	17
			1	Squilchuck Creek	1	91	86
			 	Stemilt Creek	1	103	85

[■]Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage. Average is for 1961-80 period.

YAKIMA

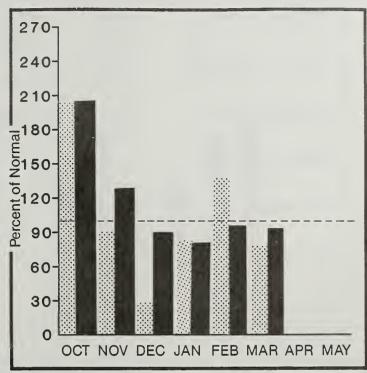




*Based on selected stations



Precipitation* (percent of normal)



*Based on selected stations



YAKIMA RIVER BASIN

OUTLOOK:

WATER SUPPLY Streamflows were above normal in the Yakima for March with the Yakima River at Kiona flowing 181%. Temperatures averaged four degrees above normal causing snowpack to decline to 71% of normal April 1 readings, down from the March 1 readings of 87%. Reservoir storage increased to 92% of normal for the April 1 with the five major reservoirs storing 677,400 acre feet. Forecasted streamflows for the Yakima basin are; 80% for the Yakima at Martin, 83% for the Tieton, 81% for the Naches and 76% for the Ahtanum. Precipitation for March was 75% of normal bringing the water year to 90% of average.

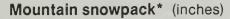
YAKIMA RIVER BASIN

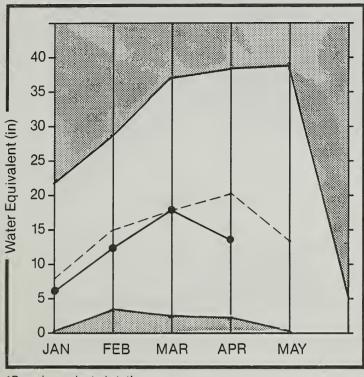
FORECAST POINT	FORECAST		MOST PROBABLE	MOST PROBABLE	REAS.	REAS. MIN.	PEAK FLOW	PEAK	LOW FLOW	LON
FUNCERST FUTRE	PERIOD					(% AVE.)		DATE		DATE
MAKIMA RIVER at Martin *	APR-SEP		112.0	80	91	71				
	APR-JUL	128.0	103.0	80	91	70				
	APR-JUN	111.0	89.0	80	90	70				
AKIMA RIVER at Cle Elum *	APR-SEP		755.0	80	90	70				
	APR-JUL	854.0	684.0	80	90	70				
	APR-JUN	734.0	587.0	79	90	70				
'AKIMA RIVER or Parker *	APR-SEP	2096.0	1660.0	79	96	62				
	APR-JUL	1898.0	1500.0		96	62				•
	APR-JUN	1667.0	1320.0	79	96	62				
ACHESS RIVER or Easton #	APR-SEP	121.0	97.0	80	90	70				
	APR-JUL	115.0	92.0	80	90	70				
	APR-JUN	101.0	82.0	81	91	71				
CLE ELUM RIVER or Roslyn x	APR-SEP	463.0	380.0	82	91	73				
LE LEON KEVER III NOSEYII -	APR-JUL	422.0	342.0	81	90	72				
	APR-JUN	353.0	285.0	80	90	72				
BUMPING RIVER or Nile #	APR-SEP	142.0	118.0	83	102	64				
SOULTING KIVEN III HITE	APR-JUL	129.0	108.0	83	103	64				
	APR-JUN	107.0	90.0	84	103	65				
MERICAN RIVER or Nile	APR-SEP	124.0	103.0	83	93	73				
MEKICAN KIVEK OF MITE	APR-JUL	113.0	94.0	83	93	73				
	APR-JUN	94.0	78.0	82	93	73				
TETON DINED -1 Ti-1 W	ADD_CED	246.0	205.0	83	102	46				
IETON RIVER at Tieton *	APR-SEP APR-JUL	207.0	173.0	83	102	64 65				
		165.0	138.0	83	385	82				
	APR-JUN	103.0	130.0	93	300	07				
ACHES RIVER or Naches *	APR-SEP	867.0	705.0	81	101	61				
	APR-JUL	784.0	638.0	81	101	61				
	APR-JUN	667.0	540.0	80	101	61				
HTANUM CREEK or Tampico *	APR-SEP	47.0	36.0	76	113	40				
	APR-JUL	43.0	33.0	76	112	42				
	APR-JUN	37.0	29.0	78	114	43				

	RESERVOIR STORAGE		(1000AF)	 	WATERSHE	D SNOWPACK AN	K ANALYSIS		
RESERVOIR	USEABLE I CAPACITYI I	** USE THIS YEAR	ABLE STOR LAST YEAR	AVE. I	WATERSHED	NO. COURSES AVE.D		R AS % OF	
KEECHELUS	157.8	113.3	90.3	110.0	Yakima River	16	70	70	
KACHESS	239.0	159,2	163.6	187.0	Ahtanum Creek	2	118	59	
CLE ELEM	436.9	243.4	191.4	290.0					
BUMPING LAKE	33.7	12.6	3.8	11.0					
RIMROCK	198.0	149.1	92.7	142.0					

[■]Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage. Average is for 1961-80 period.

WALLA WALLA

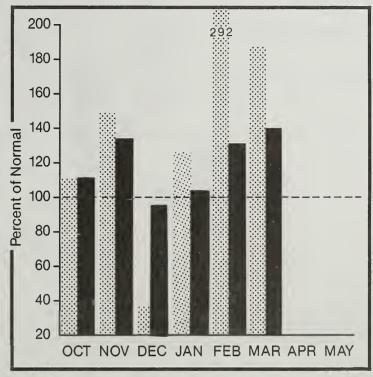




*Based on selected stations



Precipitation* (percent of normal)



*Based on selected stations

Monthly precipitation Year

Year to date precipitation

WALLA WALLA RIVER BASIN

WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK:

Precipitation for the Walla Walla station was 186% of average for March with the basin at 106% of normal. Temperatures averaged five degrees above normal for March reducing the snowpack for the basin to 66% for the April 1st readings. Streamflow for March was 163% of average for the Walla Walla River and 227% for the Snake River below Ice Harbor. Forecasted streamflows are 80% on the Walla Walla River for the summer.

WALLA WALLA RIVER BASIN

FORECAST POINT	FORECAST	20 YR. AVE.	MOST PROBABLE	HOST PROBABLE	REAS. MAX.	REAS. MIN.	PEAK FLOW	PEAK	LON Flow	LOH
	PERIOD	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(% AVE.)	(% AVE.)	(% AVE.)	(CFS)	DATE	(CFS)	DATE
TLL CREEK at Walla Walla	APR-SEP	17.5	14.1	80	103	63				
	APR-JUL	17.3	14.0	80	98	63				
	APR-JUN	17 - 1	13.8	80	99	58				
DLUMBIA R. at The Dalles ¤	APR-SEP	101000.0	89700.0	88	104	74				
	APR-JUL	86500.0	75700.0	87	103	73				
	APR-JUN	70100.0	62400.0	89	104	74				
				1						

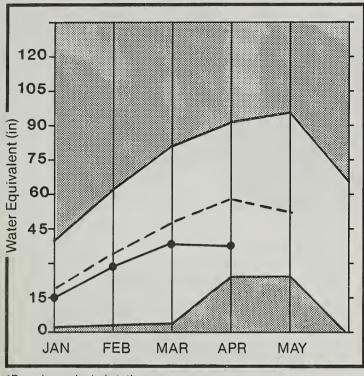
	RESERVOIR STORAGE	(1000AF)	 	HATERSH	IED SNOHPACK AN	LYSIS	
RESERVOIR	USEABLE CAPACITY 	** USEABLE STORAL THIS LAST YEAR YEAR	GE XX I	WATERSHED	NO. COURSES AVE.D	THIS YEA	R AS % OF AVERAGE
			 	Mill Creek	2	46	66

^{*}Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage.

Average is for 1961-80 period.

COWLITZ AND LEWIS

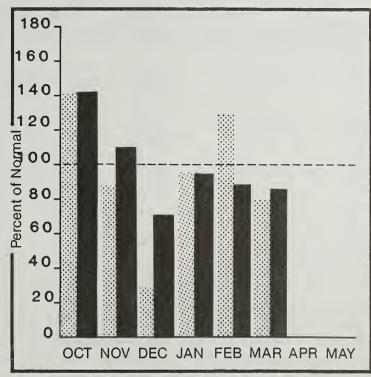




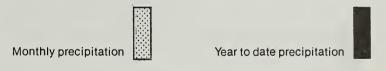
*Based on selected stations



Precipitation* (percent of normal)



*Based on selected stations



COWLITZ - LEWIS RIVER BASINS

WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK:

Forecasted streamflows on the Cowlitz River for the summer is 84% and on the Lewis River 84%. Streamflows for March were 122% of average on the Cowlitz River and 180% of normal on the Columbia River.

Temperatures during March were five degrees above normal causing the snowpack to begin its spring melt nearly one month early. Snowpack was reduced to 74% of the April 1 normal. Precipitation for the Cowlitz-Lewis Basin was 79% of average for March bringing the water year to 85% of normal.

COWLITZ - LEWIS RIVER BASINS

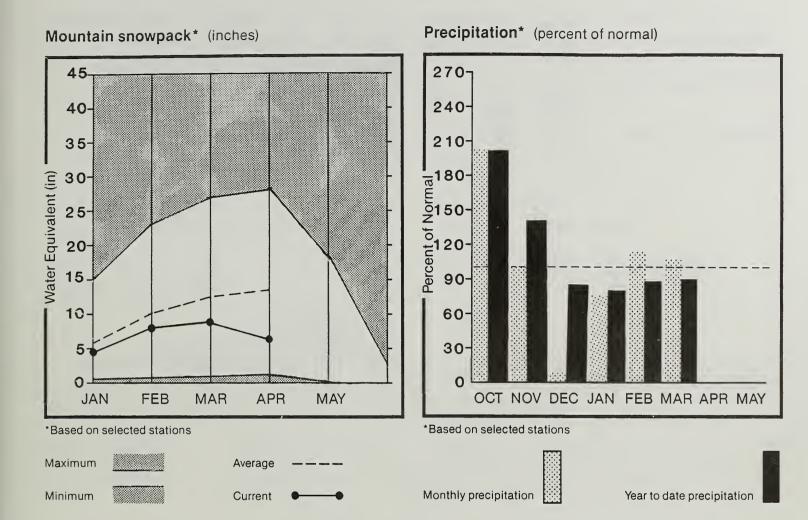
FORECAST POINT	FORECAST	20 YR. AVE.	MOST PROBABLE	MOST PROBABLE	REAS. MAX.	REAS. MIN.	PEAK FLOH	PEAK	LON FLON	LOM
	PERIOD	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(% AVE.)	(% AVE.)	(% AVE.)	(CFS)	DATE	(CFS)	DATE
EWIS RIVER at Ariel *	APR-SEP	1249.0	1060.0	84	112	58				
	APR-JUL	1086.0	923.0	84	112	58				
	APR-JUN	961.0	785.0	81	109	55				
COMLITZ R. bl Mayfield Dam x	APR-SEP	2038.0	1730.0	- 84	124	46				
,	APR-JUL	1778.0	1510.0	84	124	46				
	APR-JUN	1502.0	1280.0	85	124	46				
COMLITZ R. at Castle Rock #	APR-SEP	2673.0	2270.0	84	121	49				,
	APR-JUL	2323.0	1970.0	84	121					
	APR-JUN	1980.0	1680.0	84	121	49 49				
				2		0.40				

	RESERVOIR STORAGE	(1000AF)		I WATERSH	ED SNOWPACK AN	ALYSIS	
RESERVOIR	USEABLE I CAPACITYI !	** USEABLE STORA THIS LAST YEAR YEAR	AGE **	I HATERSHED	NO. COURSES AVE.D	THIS YE	AR AS % OF
				 Cowlitz River	2	67	62
				l Lewis River l	3	61	63

^{*}Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage.

Average is for 1961-80 period.

WHITE - GREEN



WHITE - GREEN RIVER BASINS

WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK:

Snowpack continued its melt that started during February. Snow courses in the Cedar River were void of snow on the April 1 reading while the snowpack on the Green River was 45% of average and 69% on the White River. March temperatures were five degrees above average. Precipitation for the Month was 101% of normal while the water year precipitation to date is 89% of average. Streamflows are forecasted to be 70% on the Green and Cedar Rivers for the summer.

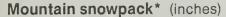
WHITE - GREEN RIVER BASINS

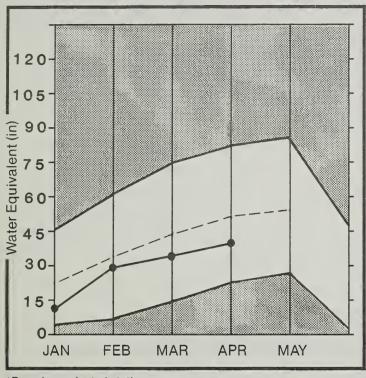
GREEN RIVER bl Howard Hanson Dam * APR-SEP 316.0 222.0 70 75 70 APR-JUL 284.0 200.0 70 70 70 70 70 APR-JUN 256.0 180.0 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70
APR-JUL 284.0 200.0 70 70 70 APR-JUN 256.0 180.0 70 70 70
APR-JUN 256.0 180.0 70 70
CFNAR RTUFR or Coder Falls APR-SFP 93.0 66.0 76 71 75
FIGH KIUFK OF LODGE FRILE OPK-SEP 94.0 AA.U 288 28 28 28 28 28
SEPHIC REVER III GCGGT FOLLS HITC GET 7010 GGTV

	RESERVOIR STORAGE	(1000AF)	I HATERSHED	SNOWPACK ANA	LYSIS	
RESERVOIR	USEABLE I CAPACITYI I	** USEABLE STORAGE ** THIS LAST YEAR YEAR AVE.	 WATERSHED 	NO. COURSES AVE.D	THIS YEA	R AS % OF AVERAGE
			White River	3	74	68
			: Green River 	10	39	45

^{*}Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage. Average is for 1961-80 period.

NORTH PUGET SOUND

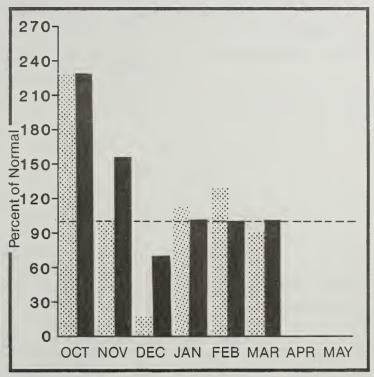




*Based on selected stations



Precipitation* (percent of normal)



*Based on selected stations



NORTH PUGET SOUND RIVER BASINS

WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK:

Precipitation averaged 89% of normal for March bringing the water year to 102%. Temperatures for March were five degrees above normal. Streamflows for March were above average with the Skagit at 152% and the Skykomish at 126%. Forecasted streamflows for the summer period are for 81% on the Skagit River. Reservoir storage is good with Ross Lake at 935,500 acre feet of usable storage on April 1 or 314% of average.

NORTH PUGET SOUND RIVER BASINS

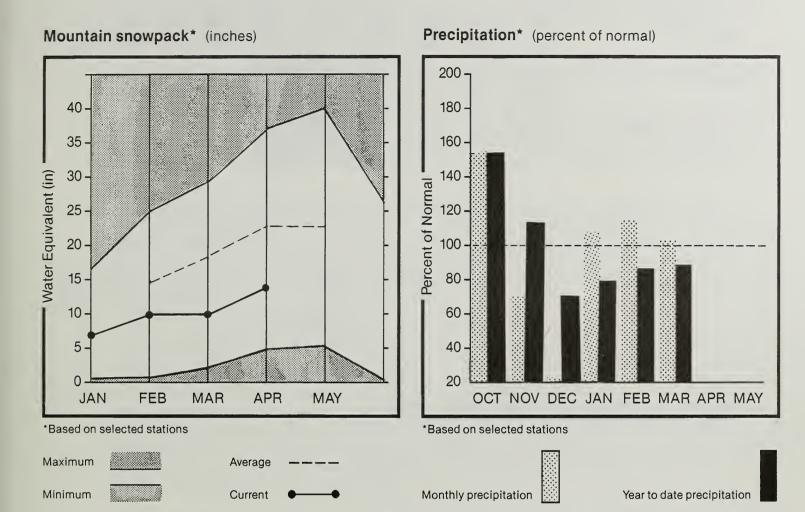
FORECAST POINT	FORECAST PERIOD	20 YR. AVE. (1000AF)	MOST FROBABLE (1000AF)	MOST PROBABLE (% AVE.)	REAS. MAX. (% AVE.)	REAS. MIN. (% AVE.)	PEAK FLOW (CFS)	PEAK DATE	LOH FLOH (CFS)	LOW
SKAGIT RIVER at Newhalem *	APR-SEP	2356.0	1930.0	81	98	66				
ONIO21 N212N OV NEWNOZEW -	AFR-JUL APR-JUN	1972.0 1485.0	1620.0	82 82	98 98	66 66				

	RESERVOIR STORAGE	(1000AF) 1 			I WATERSHED SNOWPACK ANALYSIS				
RESERVOIR	USEABLE I CAPACITYI I	** USE THIS YEAR	ABLE STOR LAST YEAR	AVE. 1	HATERSHED	NO. COURSES AVE.D	THIS YEA	AR AS % OF	
ROSS	1404.1	935.5	468.2	298.0		14	89	75	
DIABLO RESERVOIR	90.6	89.3	84.6		Baker River	8	58	56	
GORGE RESERVOIR	9.8	7.7	8.0	100 NO NO	Cedar River	1	0	0	
					Snoqualmie River	1	49	72	
				1	Skykomish River	2	67	62	

^{*}Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage.

Average is for 1961-80 period.

OLYMPIC



OLYMPIC PENINSULA RIVER BASINS

WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK:

Temperatures averaging five degrees above normal for March have reduced the April snowpack. Snowpack was 33% of normal on the Elwah and 43% on the Duwamish. Streamflows are forecasted to be near 73% for the summer. Precipitation for March was average at 102% which brings the water year to date to 88% of average.

OLYMPIC PENINSULA RIVER BASINS

STREAMELOW FORECASTS			

FORECAST POINT	FORECAST PERIOD	20 YR. AVE. (1000AF)	MOST FROBABLE (1000AF)	MOST PROBABLE (% AVE.)	REAS. MAX. (% AVE.)	REAS. MIN. (% AVE.)	PEAK FLOW (CFS)	PEAK	LOW FLOW (CFS)	LON
DUNGENESS RIVER or Sequim	APR-SEP	160.0	118.0	73	90	58				
DUNGEREOU KIVER III GEGGI	APR-JUL	130.0	96.0	73	90	58				
	APR-JUN	97.0	72.0	74	91	58				
LWHA RIVER or Port Angeles	APR-SEP	553.0	409.0	73	74	74.				
	APR-JUL	454.0	336.0	74	74	74				

	RESERVOIR STORAGE	(1000AF)	I WATERSHE	D SNOWPACK ANA	ALYSIS	
RESERVOIR	USEABLE I CAPACITYI I	** USEABLE STORAGE ** THIS LAST YEAR YEAR AVE.	 WATERSHED 	NO. COURSES AVE.D	THIS YEAR	
			Dungeness River	1	46	43
			Morse Creek	1	68	66
			Elwha River	1	39	33

^{*}Corrected for upstream diversions or changes in reservoir storage. Average is for 1961-80 period.

VOLUNTEERS NEEDED

It is no longer news that federal dollars for conservation are decreasing and that state monies must increase if we are to protect our soil and water resources for future generations.

It <u>is</u> news that there is now firmly in place a strong national framework for conservation volunteers.

Volunteerism in Snow Survey is not new. In Washington we have had volunteers in Wenatchee and Yakima for several years. These volunteers are capable of performing the necessary requirements for Snow Survey with and without SCS assistance.

The shock of the newly-enacted Gramm-Rudman-Hollings law that calls for stringent budget cuts to reduce the federal deficit may be with us for quite a while. Meanwhile, we are softening the law's impact by nurturing volunteerism nationwide. At no cost to conservation districts, volunteers are already providing services that their respective states might otherwise find difficult or perhaps impossible to provide.

Consider the great potential for volunteerism within America's 3,000 conservation districts. Thousands of men and women who may be of differing political persuasions are nevertheless unified in their desire to do hands-on work for soil and water conservation.

We know these people well. University students and retirees; school children and youth groups; members of farm organizations, church and civic groups. Their desire to work for conservation is real. It is stronger, perhaps, than we realize. All that we need is the organizational structure for their increased hands-on participation.

Within each of its fifty state offices and at national headquarters, the Soil Conservation Service is mobilizing a major national effort to provide opportunities for conservation volunteers. In each state, a volunteer committee is being organized to assist area and district conservationists in setting up and administering the volunteer program. At SCS national headquarters, professional staffers are assisting the states, and writers and artists are creating multi-media information aids to promote the program.

The many links, then, that create a strong structure for volunteerism - from the Nation's capitol to the states, to the counties and thousands of local communities across the continent - are forged and functioning. Moreover, there are several examples of successful volunteer programs all across the country and here in Washington State. But there is room for more volunteer participation to help us carry out our mission of protecting the soil and water resources.

If you have time and would like to volunteer, contact the local SCS office nearest you. In the yellow pages, look under U. S. Department of Agriculture - Soil Conservation Service.

Snow Survey data can be obtained by calling one of the following local SCS offices:

PULLMAN PMC	Offic Farm	ce (509) 335-7376 (509) 335-9689	YAKIMA, AREA II	I	
	1 4 1 11	(307, 223 7007	Area Office Ellensburg Goldendale Pasco	FTS	446-5865 or 5866 (509) 925-5375 (509) 773-5823) 545-8546 or 8547
OLYMPIA, Area I			Prosser Sunnyside	(309)	(509) 786-1923 (509) 837-7911
Area Office	FTS	434-9454 or 9455	Toppenish Walla Walla	FTS	(509) 865-4012 434-6340
Chehalis		(206) 748-0083	White Salmon		(509) 493-1936
Kelso Lake Stevens	FTS	(206) 425-1880 392-9259	Yakima FO	FTS	446-5909
Lynden Montesano		(206) 354-5658 (206) 249-5900	SPOKANE, AREA I	.V	
Mt. Vernon Olympia FO	FTS	(206) 424-5153 434-9448	Area Office	FTS	439-3726
Port Angeles	FTS	396-4277	Cheney) 458-6200, Ext 2309
Port Orchard Puyallup Raymond		(206) 876-5529 (206) 845-5533 (206) 942-5945	Clarkston Colfax Colville		(509) 758-8012 (509) 397-4636 (509) 684-5067
Renton Vancouver	FTS FTS	399-3325 or 3326 422-7631	Dayton Fairfield		(509) 382-2351 (509) 283-2331
vancouvei	115	422 7031	Newport		(509) 447-4217
			Pomeroy Republic		(509) 843-1998 (509) 775-34 73
EDUDATA ADEA T	т.		Spokane FO	FTS	439-2120
EPHRATA, AREA I	-1				
Area Office Davenport	FTS	446-4374 or 4375 (509) 725-4181 or	SOIL SURVEY OF	FICES	
Ephrata FO	FTS	725 - 1345 446 - 4385	Bellingham Inchelium		(206) 676-3520 (509) 722-4395
Moses Lake		(509) 765-3261	Nespelem	FTS	439-9431
Okanogan Othello Ritzville		(509) 422-2750 (509) 488-2802 (509) 659-0254	Wapato		(509) 877-4004
Waterville Wenatchee	FTS	(509) 745-8362 390-0242 or 0260			





The Following Organizations Cooperate With The Soil Conservation Service In Snow Survey Work

Canada: Ministry of the Environment, Water

Investigations Branch, Victoria, British Columbia

States: Washington State Department of Ecology

Washington State Department of Natural Resources

Federal: Department of the Army

Corps of Engineers

U.S. Department of Agriculture

Forest Service

U.S. Department of Commerce NOAA, National Weather Service U.S. Department of the Interior Bonneville Power Administration

Bureau of Reclamation Geological Survey National Park Service

Local: City of Tacoma

City of Seattle

Chelan County P.U.D.

Pacific Power and Light Company Puget Sound Power and Light Company Washington Water Power Company

Snohomish County P.U.D.

Private: Okanogan Irrigation District

Wenatchee Heights Irrigation District Newman Lake Homeowners Association

Other organizations and individuals furnish valuable information for snow survey reports. Their cooperation is gratefully acknowledged. UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE ROOM 360, U.S. COURT HOUSE SPOKANE, WASHINGTON 99201

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